



<b>INFORMATION DISCLOSURE CITATION</b> (Use several sheets if necessary)  PTO Form 1449		Attorney Docket 044508-5023	Application No. 10/528,800
		Applicants: Christopher C. Broder <i>et al.</i> <span style="float: right;">Page 1 of 2</span>	
		Filing Date: March 31, 2006	Group Art Unit: 1648
<b>OTHER DOCUMENTS (Including Author, Title, Date, Pertinent Pages, etc.)</b>			
1	Bossart <i>et al.</i> (2001). Functional Expression and Membrane Fusion Tropism of The Envelope Glycoproteins of Hendra Virus. <i>Virology</i> 290:121-135.		
2	Chambers <i>et al.</i> (1990). Heptad repeat sequences are located adjacent to hydrophobic regions in several types of virus fusion glycoproteins. <i>J. Gen. Virol.</i> 71:3075-3080.		
3	Chua <i>et al.</i> (2000). Nipah Virus: A Recently Emergent Deadly Paramyxovirus. <i>Science</i> 288:1432-1435.		
4	Gosh <i>et al.</i> (1997). A Leucine Zipper Motif in the Ectodomain of Sendai Virus Fusion Protein Assembles in Solution and in Membranes and Specifically Binds Biologically-Active Peptides and the Virus. <i>Biochemistry</i> 36:15451-15462.		
5	Harcourt <i>et al.</i> (2001). Molecular Characterization of Nipah Virus, a Newly Emergent Paramyxovirus. <i>Virology</i> 271:334-349.		
6	Harcourt <i>et al.</i> (2001). Molecular Characterization of the Polymerase Gene and Genomic Termini of Nipah Virus. <i>Virology</i> 287:192-201.		
7	Joshi <i>et al.</i> (1998). A Core Trimer of the Paramyxovirus Fusion Protein: Parallels to Influenza Virus Hemagglutinin and HIV-1 gp41. <i>Virology</i> 248:20-34.		
8	Lambert <i>et al.</i> (1996). Peptides from conserved regions of paramyxovirus fusion (F) proteins are potent inhibitors of viral fusion. <i>Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. US</i> 93:2186-2191.		
9	Paterson <i>et al.</i> (1987). Comparison of the Relative Roles of the F and HN Surface Glycoproteins of the Paramyxovirus Simian Virus 5 in Inducing Protective Immunity. <i>J. Virol.</i> 61:1972-1977.		
10	Rapaport <i>et al.</i> (1995). A synthetic peptide corresponding to a conserved heptad repeat domain is a potent inhibitor of Sendai virus-cell fusion: an emerging similarity with functional domains of other viruses. <i>EMBO</i> 14: 5524-5531.		
11	Wang <i>et al.</i> (2001) Molecular biology of Hendra and Nipah Viruses. <i>Microbes and Infection</i> 3:279-287.		
12	Wild <i>et al.</i> (1997). Inhibition of measles virus infection and fusion with peptides corresponding to the leucine zipper region of the fusion protein. <i>J. Gen. Virol.</i> 78: 107-111.		
13	Yao <i>et al.</i> (1997). Association of the Parainfluenza Virus Fusion and Hemagglutinin-Neuraminidase Glycoproteins on Cell Surfaces. <i>J. Virol.</i> 71:650-656.		
14	Young <i>et al.</i> (1997). Analysis of Peptide Inhibitor of Paramyxovirus (NDV) Fusion Using Biological Assays, NMR, and Molecular Modeling. <i>Virology</i> 238: 291-304.		
15	Young <i>et al.</i> (1999). Interaction of Peptides with Sequences from the Newcastle Disease Virus Fusion Protein Heptad Repeat Regions. <i>J. Virol.</i> 73: 5954-5956.		
Examiner		Date Considered	
<b>Examiner:</b> Initial if reference considered, whether or not citation is in conformance with MPEP 609; draw line through citation if not in conformance and not considered. Include copy of this form with next communication to applicant.			